

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS

IN RE GUIDELINES	§	Entered May 8, 2001
	§	GENERAL ORDER NO. 2001-7
FOR PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT	§	

ORDER

The Judges of this Court, meeting on April 30, 2001, decided by majority vote to adopt the attached Guidelines for Professional Conduct, to be observed by all attorneys appearing before any district judge, bankruptcy judge, or magistrate judge presiding in the Southern District of Texas. These guidelines are derived from the decision in Dondi Properties Corp. v. Commerce Savings and Loan Ass'n., 121 F.R.D. 284 (N.D. Tex. 1988). These Guidelines shall be attached as Appendix D to the Local Rules of this Court.

It is so ORDERED this 8th day of May, 2001.

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George P. Kazen
Chief United States District Judge

GUIDELINES FOR PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT

(A) In fulfilling his or her primary duty to the client, a lawyer must be ever conscious of the broader duty to the judicial system that serves both attorney and client.

(B) A lawyer owes, to the judiciary, candor, diligence and utmost respect.

(C) A lawyer owes, to opposing counsel, a duty of courtesy and cooperation, the observance of which is necessary for the efficient administration of our system of justice and the respect of the public it serves.

(D) A lawyer unquestionably owes, to the administration of justice, the fundamental duties of personal dignity and professional integrity.

(E) Lawyers should treat each other, the opposing party, the court, and members of the court staff with courtesy and civility and conduct themselves in a professional manner at all times.

(F) A client has no right to demand that counsel abuse the opposite party or indulge in offensive conduct. A lawyer shall always treat adverse witnesses and suitors with fairness and due consideration.

(G) In adversary proceedings, clients are litigants and though ill feeling may exist between clients, such ill feeling should not influence a lawyer's conduct, attitude, or demeanor towards opposing lawyers.

(H) A lawyer should not use any form of discovery, or the scheduling of discovery, as a means of harassing opposing counsel or counsel's client.

(I) Lawyers will be punctual in communications with others and in honoring scheduled appearances, and will recognize that neglect and tardiness are demeaning to the lawyer and to the judicial system.

(J) If a fellow member of the Bar makes a just request for cooperation, or seeks scheduling accommodation, a lawyer will not arbitrarily or unreasonably withhold consent.

(K) Effective advocacy does not require antagonistic or obnoxious behavior and members of the Bar will adhere to the higher standard of conduct which judges, lawyers, clients, and the public may rightfully expect.